

# JANESVILLE MORNING GAZETTE.

VOLUME 3.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, JULY 28, 1859.

NUMBER 121.

THE MORNING GAZETTE  
Published Every Morning, Except Sunday,  
by CHARLES HOYT.

TERMS:  
SIX DOLLARS A YEAR, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

GATES OF ADVERTISING.

(Twelve lines, close matter, or its equivalent in  
space, constitute a square.)

1 Square . . . . . \$ 1.00

do 3 days . . . . . 1.00

do 6 weeks . . . . . 8.00

do 3 weeks . . . . . 4.00

do 2 months . . . . . 8.00

do 6 months . . . . . 16.00

do 1 year . . . . . 32.00

do 12 " . . . . . 64.00

do 12 " 50 per cent. advance on 1 square.

1 Column 3 months . . . . . 12.00

do 6 months . . . . . 15.00

do 1 year . . . . . 18.00

do 2 years . . . . . 30.00

do 3 years . . . . . 40.00

do 4 years . . . . . 50.00

do 5 years . . . . . 60.00

do 6 years . . . . . 70.00

do 7 years . . . . . 80.00

do 8 years . . . . . 90.00

do 9 years . . . . . 100.00

do 10 years . . . . . 110.00

do 11 years . . . . . 120.00

do 12 years . . . . . 130.00

do 13 years . . . . . 140.00

do 14 years . . . . . 150.00

do 15 years . . . . . 160.00

Card in "Business Directory," \$1.00 per year each  
for 15 lines; \$1.00 per year each additional line.  
Spec. Notes (local and kept inside, having  
no place for general advertising), \$0.50 per advance  
and additional rate.

Notice of meetings, charitable societies, fire  
companies, &c., half price.

Advertisements not accompanied with directions  
will be inserted half price, and charged for according  
to the rates of the paper.

All transient advertisements must be paid in ad-  
vance. This rule will not be varied from.

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

JOHN A. WHITE,  
HAIR CUTTING AND SHAVING SALON, under the Post  
Office, East Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis. Invited.

S. P. GOLE, M. D.,  
Homoeopathist and Surgeon, Office at Health's store,  
Residence, Locust street, west of Dr. Pendleton's.

EDWARD RUGER,  
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, Office in Empire  
Block, No. 6, 8th Street, Janesville, Wis. Invited.

J. SUTHERLAND & CO.,  
Wine-sellers and Retail Booksellers and Stationers, Lyp-  
ping's new brick block, east side of the river, Janesville.

E. B. & J. F. DRAKE,  
Buy for sal. a large stock of Fruit and Ornamental  
Trees, Flowering Shrubs, &c., at the Janesville Na-  
tional Bank, 5 miles west of the river.

HEDSON & COMSTOCK,  
Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Office in Empire  
Block, Main Street, City of Janesville, Wisconsin.  
B. M. COOPER, M. C.

M. B. JOHNSON,  
ONE P. T. I. S. T.,  
Office over Rock County Bank, corner of Main and  
Milwaukee Streets, Janesville, Wis. Invited.

ELDREDGE, PRASE & RUGER,  
Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Office in Empire  
Block, Main Street, City of Janesville, Wisconsin.  
J. R. PEASE, T. H. ROGERS.

GEO. B. ELY,  
COUNSELLOR AT LAW,  
Office in Lyppe's Block, Janesville, Wis. Invited.

WILLIAMS & ACHILLES,  
Attorneys at Law, Lyppe's Block, Janesville, Wis.  
J. C. HARRIS.

DR. G. W. CHITTENDEN,  
Homoeopathist and Surgeon.—Office at Chittenden's  
House, 8th Street, a few rods north of the Mid-  
west. Invited.

H. A. PATTERSON,  
Attorney at Law and Judge of the Peace, Janesville,  
Wis. Office on Main street, nearly opposite the  
American Express Office.

W. ROBINSON, Architect,  
Designs and Plans, for both public and private build-  
ings, together with detail drawings, specifications,  
builders contracts, estimates, &c., furnished at short  
notice. Office in Lyppe's block, Janesville.

T. B. WOOLSCROFT,  
Baker and Confectioner, No. 1, Lyppe's Block, corner  
of Main and Milwaukee Streets. All kinds of Cakes,  
Biscuits, Biscuits, Cakes, Oysters, Ice Cream,  
and all other kinds ofательерованные, sweet-  
meats.

DR. H. F. PENDLETON,  
Gynecist. Is now prepared to engage in ex-  
change of his practice, Route one, one-half mile  
west of 8th Street, Main St., Janesville, Wis. Invited.

EXCELSIOR HOTEL,  
Corner of Main and First-North St., East side of the  
river.

A. NORRIS, Proprietor,  
The above advertises a share of the public patronage.  
Want 25 regular boarders.

POTTER & WINANS,  
ATTORNEYS, COUNSELLORS, and SOLICITORS  
having associated themselves together for the  
practice of law, in the State of Wisconsin. They are  
prepared to practice, and are anxious to add  
all professional business entrusted to their care.  
Office in Lyppe's block, Janesville.

JOHN WINANS.

NEW YORK CASH STORE,  
M. C. & Co., Wholesale and Retailers in Dry  
Goods, Cloth, Drapery, Household Goods, for  
Lamps, Bedding, Shoes, Hats, &c., &c., Bonnets,  
Ready-Made Clothing, Pictures, Oil, & every kind of  
Merchandise, at the lowest cash prices.

LYNN J. BARROWS, (Successor to)  
OGILVIE & BARROWS,

Manufacturers Drug Store, Janesville.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Foreign and Domestic  
Drugs, French, English and American Chemicals,  
Paints, Oils and Vaseline, Painters and Artists' Ma-  
terials, Pictures, Glass Ware, Perfumery, Medical  
Instruments, Fancy articles, Perfumery, Paint-  
er's Materials, etc., etc., etc., etc.

Excelsior Picture Gallery.

T. H. MASON & TICE,  
would announce to the citizens of

Janesville, that, as far as they are now  
better prepared to take pictures, than they still intend to

do all kinds of racing in a superior style and at reduced  
prices.

Grateful for the liberal patronage he has heretofore  
received, and determined to still merit a larger share  
of public patronage.

Come one, Come all, to the Point of Knowledge.

Remember that one way to make things good is to  
have a good book reading good books, and thereby get  
wisdom for the future.

Store in Lyppe's Block, East Side of the River.

JANESVILLE BINDERY,  
now prepared to bind

Books, Magazines, Papers, Music,

and to manufacture all kinds of blank work, and to do  
all kinds of racing in a superior style and at reduced  
prices.

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Store in Lyppe's Block, East Side of the River.

JANESVILLE, Nov. 10, 1859.

JOHN B. BUTTERLAND,  
JANESVILLE.

HO! FOR PIKE'S PEAK.

1000 Men Going in April,

EACH MAN IS TO TAKE ONE BOTTLE OF

Bachelor's Oriental Hair Tonic.

FOR SALE BY

TALMAN & COLLINS.

IN STOCK

TO PERSONS USING BINGERS SEWING  
MACHINES.

WOOL CARDING, and

Wool Manufactured into Cloth,

on short notice at the

JANESVILLE WOOLEN FACTORY, BY

F. A. WHEELER & SONS.

August 10, 1859.

POWERS

AMBROTYPE, PHOTOGRAPH AND

FINE ART GALLERY,

LAPPIN'S HALL, JANESVILLE, WIS.

A GENERAL AS ORTMENT OF BLANK

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVES

## NOVELTY WORKS!

JANESVILLE, WIS.

WHEELER & LUDLOW, Proprietors.

### MANUFACTURE

Portable, Stationary, and Marine Steam  
Engines, WITH THEIR BOILERS, &c., Complete;

Flouring, Grist and Sawmills, with every variety of  
Gearing for Steam or Water Power, Roping and  
Mowing Machines and Sugar Mills; Portable  
Steam Engines for Farm use; Church,  
Locomotive and Steamboat Bells;

Iron and Brass Castings and Finished  
Brass Work;

Light and Heavy Forging, Iron Fin-  
ishing and Repairing.

The patterns of this establishment have been  
manufacturing for years and enable us to promptly repair  
almost every Agricultural implement in the country,  
which we will always be ready to do promptly and  
carefully.

NOTES of meetings, charitable societies, fire  
companies, &c., half price.

Advertisements not accompanied with directions  
will be inserted half price, and charged for according  
to the rates of the paper.

All transient advertisements must be paid in ad-  
vance. This rule will not be varied from.

### VERY LOW PRICES.

Dealers in Hardware will please take notice that we  
are prepared to manufacture

Thimble Skeins, Sleigh Shoes, Sash Weights,  
&c., &c.

usually purchased east, each price as will ensure  
our receiving their orders.

ROLLIN WHEELER,  
F. W. LUDLOW.

### Books & Stationery.

### PAPER HANGINGS

and

### BOOKS

and

### WALL PAPER

and

### CEILINGS

and

### PAINTS

and

### DRAPERY

and

### WALL PAPER

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### WALL PAPER

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### CEILINGS

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### PAINTS

and

# Daily Morning Gazette.

CITY OF JANEVILLE.

Thursday Morning, July 28, 1855.

## Republican State Convention.

A Republican State Convention will be held at the City of Madison, on the 31st day of August next, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for State officers to be supported by the party at the ensuing general election; and to transact any other business that may properly come before it.

As the object of selecting delegates to the next National Convention may be entertained and acted upon by the Convention, it is suggested that the people in their primary caucuses, and the district conventions, make such expression as will intimate to their delegates and the State Convention, the general sentiment of the state on that subject.

Each Assembly District will be entitled to two delegates to the convention.

It is recommended that district conventions for the selection of delegates be held throughout the state, on or before the 20th day of August; and that committees be early called for that purpose; and it is especially urged that every district be duly represented in the convention.

M. A. TINNEY, W. P. LYON,  
W. M. ROGERS, E. L. PHILLIPS,  
GREGORIE MURRAY, GEORGE G. GAY,  
WENFIELD SMITH, GEORGE S. GRAVES.

## The Crops.

The Milwaukee Sentinel says: "We have ceased publishing 'crop items' from our exchanges, as they are all substantially to the same effect, and there no longer exists any doubt in the public mind about the prospects of the incoming harvest. The weather has been propitious for the farmer; winter wheat is nearly all cut and will doubtless be secured in good order; spring wheat is beyond danger of the rust; it never looks better and the yield will be large everywhere throughout this state; it was never better; oats ditto; corn is coming on finely; of barley we hear nothing, and on the principle that 'no news is good news,' we take it for granted that it is all right too; potatoes, notwithstanding the late frosts, promise well; tame grass is poor; and this, we believe is the only stout crop we shall have in Wisconsin. This is the substance of accounts that now reach us relative to the crops. Farmers are no longer solicitous about the harvest prospects; but they regard with some anxiety the present gloomy condition of the produce market."

In this county (Rock) we have heard some complaints about the chinch bug in some localities; their operations in some of the late sown fields and upon low land are represented as being quite extensive, and inflicting serious loss. The most complaint (so far as we have heard) is made by farmers in the town of Harmony, and in the vicinity of Milton. In some portions of the county, however, we hear they are not working at all, while in others the damage by them is represented as no greater than last year. A very large portion of the grain, however, is beyond the reach of injury from this cause, and, with good weather for the harvest, the yield generally must be large and remunerative, if prices are good. The quality of the grain is universally represented as being excellent.

The Southern Gazette.—Tom Corwin, the head and front of Ohio republicanism, in a speech lately, declared the republican doctrine to be that the people of a territory had no right to exclude or establish slavery. This is precisely the ultra southern ground. And yet the State Journal published this speech of "Black Tom's" without a word of dissent.—*Madison Patriot.*

This is the first time we have seen Mr. Corwin represented as uttering the sentiments here charged upon him, and we should like to see the evidence in language admitted by himself before we will concede that he has not been misrepresented. But if he has taken any such position, it is the Douglass and not the southern ground. The southern ground is that slavery may be introduced, but cannot be excluded from the territories. And that is the ground the northern democracy will be obliged to take, if it supports the presidential nominee of the Charleston convention.

The first lot of Piku's Peak gold

has been received in Chicago. It was sent by two Irishmen to their wives—5 ounces and 10 pennyweights, in value about one hundred dollars.

RATS IN ILLINOIS.—The Peoria Transcript says the rats have been eating up all the young chickens in the vicinity of that city this season, causing young poultry to be scarce in the market. They generally finish up a brood in two or three nights after it comes off the nest.

The Charleston Courier says that the rats down there have been eating up the young prairie chickens and wild ducks.

Gen. Cass has assumed a double-headed eagle for his political crest; one head applies to the American citizenship of naturalized aliens, and the other to the military and conscript service which they owe to their mother country.—*Louisville Journal.*

A double head has a double significance. Besides the foreign, the emblem of the American secretary has a domestic reading. It represents the northern and southern head of democracy.

THE LAKE LIGHT-HOUSES.—The Washington Constitution says: "Commodore Wm. D. Shubrick, the chairman of the light-house board, will depart in a few days on an official tour of the lakes, visiting the light-houses of that section, with a view to a thorough mastery of all the details of the service. His visit will doubtless add much to the efficiency of the lake light-houses."

Another free state paper has been established in Missouri—the Republican at Kansas City. The cause of republicanism is gaining in that state.

Chicago Post Office.—This office, if report tells the truth, is to receive another overhanging, two special agents having been dispatched from Washington for that purpose.

ANOTHER CHANGE IN THE MINNEAPOLIS AND CEDAR VALLEY R. R. CO.—We learn that Gen. Shields, John W. North, Judge Vaughn, and Messrs. Abbott and Post, the old directors of the Minneapolis and Cedar Valley railroad company, have disposed of their stock to Judge Prindle of New York, Joseph Chamberlain of Milwaukee, Albert Caldwell of this city, and Mr. Prentiss, of the firm of Burlock & Prentiss. Gov. Sibley and Franklin Steele, we learn, will also retire from the concern.

For the Janeville Gazette.  
The Mortgage Law.

Mr. Editor:—I have no desire to enter into a newspaper controversy with any one, nor shall I permit myself to take part in such controversy, except so far as it may be necessary to vindicate the positions which I have already taken, and the truth of the statements which I have already made in relation to the case recently brought before the people in the published opinion of Judge Noggle.

It is claimed by Judge Noggle that "the unqualified repeal of a law affecting the remedy ends its force, effect and operation, and the repeal of such a law can never be received as valid." This is so far from being good law that the repeal of a "repealing act" always does "revive a repealed act," except where the common law is expressly changed by statute, as it is in this state. The code passed in 1855 has never been repealed. It has continued in force from the day of its passage to the present moment. Actions are constantly being commenced under it.

It is true the mortgage law of 1855 gave defendants six months time to answer. This was a special provision applying to one class of cases only. The code was general, applying to all cases. These two different acts were both incorporated in the revised statutes, and it will hardly be claimed by any lawyer that the one *repealed* the other. The language of the 4th section of the law of 1855 shows that the legislature had no intention to repeal the code. "So much of any law and such parts of all acts as contravene the provisions of this act are repealed." If the law of 1855 is *absolutely* repealed, as is claimed, its *purposes* are all subserved, the act is thereby virtually struck out of the statutes, and the code remains unimpaired.

The only effect the law of 1855 ever could have upon the code was to suspend its force in foreclosure cases while that law was actually in existence; and when it is absolutely repealed there is no longer any special statute for foreclosure cases except those passed by the legislature during the last winter, which only apply to cases commenced after their passage. Since the general law of 1855 is in full force in regard to all civil actions, except those commenced under the new mortgage law, it would seem that there is nothing to hinder the entry of judgment in actions commenced prior to the 24th of last March, except the unwillingness of a court to grant the order.

You shall mark many a duteous and knee-crooking knave, that, doting on his own obsequious bondage, wears out his time, much like his master's ass. For naught but proverber; and when he's sold, eschew'd."

Such were "honest knaves." It was perfectly natural for Hugo to despise Othello. Taking it for granted, therefore, that Mr. J. not only wrote the exordium, but also the argument and the peroration, shall take the liberty to correct one or two blunders in his article.

1. Mr. Elbotts never made the statement in open court in my hearing, which you attribute to him in your article of this morning, and I cannot believe that he would stultify himself by making such a statement anywhere.

2. I never admitted on the argument, or elsewhere, that some of the defendants had not appeared in the case.

3. You state what is untrue when you say that I "well knew" that an order had been entered by the court setting aside the appearance of some of the defendants; and this brings me to a point in the history of this case which involves some new questions of practice, and may therefore be of some interest to attorneys generally. It will be remembered that the time for the defendants to answer expired on the 15th day of June. On the 11th day of June, Mr. Jenkins obtained an order for us to show cause on the 13th day of June why the appearance of two of the defendants should not be set aside.

This order was accompanied by affidavits, and the same were served upon us. The court, however, for some reason preferred not to hear the argument at the time appointed. We had already served a notice on the attorneys who had appeared in the case, that we should apply to the court on the 16th day of June for the relief demanded in the complaint, and accordingly informed Mr. Jenkins of the fact in order that he might be present and call up his motion should he desire. We applied to the court at the time appointed and obtained an order of reference. On the 23d day of June we obtained an order for judgment from the court, Judge O'Brien presiding, and informed Mr. J. of the fact. About the last of June an order was granted for us to show cause why the judgment should not be vacated, and the motion involved in the order was argued on the 5th day of July. This order was accompanied by affidavits or papers of any description. I accordingly argued the motion on the ground that there had been a general appearance in the case. No objection was made to this statement at the time. The order made on the 11th day of June never had been called up, or argued, or disposed of, in any manner, *to my knowledge*. But from an examination of the records it appears that on the 24th day of June, the day after Judge O'Brien had granted the order for judgment, Judge Noggle, having returned from Madison, signed an order setting the appearance aside as to two of the defendants. I was surprised when I found such an order on record, and still more surprised that any attorney should apply for any such order eleven days after the time appointed for its hearing, without giving notice to the parties to be affected by it; and that, too, after the defendants were in default, and an order of reference had been made and the referee reported, and that report confirmed by the court, and an order for judgment entered on the strength of it. This is indeed a progressive age, and we may, perhaps, live to realize the truth of the remark made by one of our oldest and ablest lawyers during the last term of court, that "it is foolish for a man to be surprised at anything that takes place in a court room." Perhaps this, after all, is good practice. Certainly I shall not presume to question its correctness.

There is one more point in Mr. J.'s article which deserves special attention. In my former article I quoted a principle of *common law* in relation to the repeal of a statute, whereupon my friend Jenkins gets excited and quotes the statutes to show that I was mistaken. Now, brother Jenkins, if you had been more thorough in your studies before you were admitted to the bar, or since, you would have learned that *lex scripta* means one thing, and *lex non scripta* quite another; and when a man is talking about the one he need not necessarily be talking about the other at the same time and in the same connection. But there are some men who have acquired their

knowledge of law by observation rather than study, and it is not strange that they should be unable to see any distinction between common and statute law, or the effect of the repeal of a penal statute pending an action growing out of it, and the repeal of a statute regulating the time to answer in an action founded upon and growing out of a simple contract.

It is claimed by Judge Noggle that "the unqualified repeal of a law affecting the remedy ends its force, effect and operation, and the repeal of such a law can never be received as valid." This is so far from being good law that the repeal of a "repealing act" always does "revive a repealed act," except where the common law is expressly changed by statute, as it is in this state. The code passed in 1855 has never been repealed. It has continued in force from the day of its passage to the present moment. Actions are constantly being commenced under it.

In your paper of this morning I find an article over the signature of Ira C. Jenkins, Esquire, in which it is claimed that the article on the mortgage law, published July 2d, was written by one "gentleman," and not by "three," as would appear by the signature. This statement is undoubtedly correct, and it has been suggested by a friend that in this it differs materially from the article published this morning on the same subject; for while that purports to be written by one gentleman, it clearly bears the evidence of being written by "three." My friend admits, however, that the exordium might have been written by Mr. Jenkins, but still claims that the argument is too *judicial*, and the peroration with the allusion to Allah, which seems to have some *family* connection with the argument, is altogether too *enthusiastic*. In this I shall be compelled to take issue with my friend; for Mr. J. knows, or at least ought to know, that when a man permits himself to be used as a mere tool in the hands of others he not only loses all self-respect, but is soon looked upon with pity by those who use him. In so under stood better, and the yield will be large everywhere throughout this state; it was never better; oats ditto; corn is coming on finely; of barley we hear nothing, and on the principle that "no news is good news," we take it for granted that it is all right too; potatoes, notwithstanding the late frosts, promise well; tame grass is poor; and this, we believe is the only stout crop we shall have in Wisconsin. This is the substance of accounts that now reach us relative to the crops. Farmers are no longer solicitous about the harvest prospects; but they regard with some anxiety the present gloomy condition of the produce market."

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W. P. LYON,  
E. L. PHILLIPS,  
GEORGE G. GAY,  
WENFIELD SMITH, GEORGE S. GRAVES.

## State Treasurer.

The Madison Patriot has opened a bitter warfare upon Mr. Hastings, the state treasurer. It is nothing unusual, when the schemes of that paper are thwarted, to find it assaulting those who stand in the way of their own greater and uncharitable judgments of those who, but for circumstances interposed by other power than their own, would have been among the number." Rather bold that, Timony, but true.

Very Good.—The New York Evening Post says Mons. Blondin is recommended to try an excursion over the deep and broad gulf that will separate the two sides of the Charleton Convention when it meets. We suppose he can use Mason & Dixon's Line.

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Once in each year the Commissioners of School and University lands are required to publish a list of all such lands on which the interest due to the State is unpaid, and which are therefore liable to forfeiture. The list, comprising the whole of these lands in the State, is required to be published in the paper at Madison in which the laws are officially published, and the list of the respective counties, the fee for such publication in former years has been 50 cents for each description to each of the two papers publishing it, making one dollar advertising fee for each 40 acre lot. Last year, our reader may recollect, the commissioners had some trouble in settling with some of the papers, they claiming the regular legal rates for advertising, while we insisted on 50 cents for each tract, paper, &c. The right receipts are owing to farmers helping to harvest their crops which are rapidly, and the probability is that we shall have full farms in the market for the next three or four weeks. We have, within the past two or three days, had a number of applications of the church, the bishop, the late town of Madison, and the town of Waukesha, for grain during the late winter, there being but three or four loads of grain during the day. The town that came forward told about Tuesday's price. The right receipts are owing to farmers helping to harvest their crops which are rapidly, and the probability is that we shall have full farms in the market for the next three or four weeks. We have, within the past two or three days, had a number of applications of the church, the bishop, the late town of Madison, and the town of Waukesha, for grain during the late winter, there being but three or four loads of grain during the day. The town that came forward told about Tuesday's price. 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## LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

### To Advertisers.

We are expecting new type for our paper in a day or two, and shall at once commence resetting our advertisements. Those advertisers who wish a change of matter will favor us by sending in immediately, that the change may be made.

A MAMMOTH LEAF.—Mr. Jacob West, of Evansville, has sent to our office a stalk and leaf of pie plant that beats anything of the kind we have ever seen. The leaf measures three and a half feet across, and, following the edges of the leaf, fifteen feet around. The stalk measures eight inches around. Who tries to beat Mr. West?

MAMMOTH WHEAT.—We have been shown some specimens of wheat pulled from the farm of J. Brittain, which on the 4th of July, measured four feet and nine inches in height. It was full set, stout and heavy. Let Rockford beat that.—*Rockford Journal*.

What is the necessity of going to Rockford? Somebody in Rock county can beat Mr. Brittain. Who is the man?—*Janesville Gazette*.

Mr. Gatzet just stand back. This is none of your fight. We have beaten the Journal out of you, and now we will do it to wheat! If the editor of Mr. Brittain will visit the farm of L. W. Olson, north of this city, they will see white winter wheat over five feet high.—*Rockford Register*.

If this is none of our fight, we propose nevertheless to mix into it. We are satisfied old Rock cannot be beaten by Whitewater. Who takes the feather from the cap of Mr. Olson?

The individual that published that coat from this office, not having made himself known, is now requested to come and get a pair of pants that belong with it. He need not fear coming for them, for they will be given willingly and freely.

SURV. CURRIE HAWK.—For this article call at Pierson's grocery. See his big advertisement for the Morning Gazette.

### Greeting.

I have been wandering away to the spot which in the long ago I called *Home*, visiting the scenes rendered sacred to me by the associations connected with them; clasping the hands of dear friends, listening to their kindly greetings, and looking into their dear faces once more this side eternity.

I have returned again to the home made so dear and beautiful by the presence of those I love; and now, kind reader, if it please you, we will clasp hands again as of old, and sit down in friendly communion.

In my journey I saw broad fields of golden grain, and heard the muffled noise of the waving corn; I saw beautiful prairies, girded with grand old forests, and belted with silvery streams, that curled along over shining prairies, as only such dancing brooklets can, and sparkled over with countless blossoms, fragrant and beautiful; and I saw broad rivers gliding along calm and deep, and in the gray dawn they were wrapped in a cloud of mist, dense and impenetrable to the eye, but as the proud sun came up over the far-off hills, the silver mist folded itself up and faded away, and the sunbeams danced over the rippling waters.

All this I saw, and more,—for the earth is full of beauty, but down in my soul I felt that there was no place as beautiful as my own home on "Rock prairie," no friends as warm and true as those that have here taken to their hearts; so the joy waves danced gaily through my soul as I crept home, and was once more folded to loving hearts, and welcomed to a place by the heartstone that another man never fill.

Ah! it matters not how lowly and humble a home may be, it is only hollowed by the presence of those near and dear to the heart, if Love reigns supreme, and Contentment presides at the board. *At home again!* Thank God for such a calm haven of joy and peace in this world of ours, whose paths are so rough that the toil-worn feet falter, and the weary heart grows faint under the great burdens of care and grief that the world lays upon it.

God help those who have no home, no bright spot for the heart to cling to when the storms of life break over it. *CORA MAY.*

More Wonderful than Mammoth Cave.

Dr. T. L. Talbot, in commencing a series of articles for the Fort Wayne Times, in regard to the Wyandotte Cave, makes the following comparison between Wyandotte and Mammoth Caves:

Wyandotte Cave, one of the most extensive and remarkable in the world, is situated in Crawford county, Indiana, about twenty-five miles below New Albany, on Ohio river. I have called it a remarkable cave. The Mammoth Cave of Kentucky has hitherto been designated as the greatest known cave in the world. It may startle your scientific readers to hear me assert the fact, that there is one stalagmite alone in Wyandotte Cave more massive than all the stalagmites in Mammoth Cave put together. This cave has surveyed and mapped a distance of twenty miles in length, and there are numerous avenues. I have never penetrated to their end, although I have visited the cave for scientific and other purposes, over a dozen different times, spending on a visit four days and nights within its darksome halls.

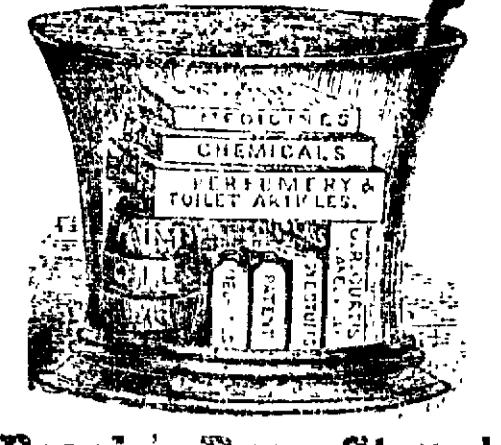
The Mammoth Cave is distinguished more for its vastness than its beauty; the Wyandotte for its great extent, its mammoth halls, its lofty ceilings, reaching frequently to the height of 267 feet, and especially for its numerous and beautiful formations, which almost continually meet the eye, in every direction. A portion of this cave has been known and visited for over forty years. This portion is about three miles in length, and is termed the Old Cave.

In 1819 a new洞 from within the old cave was discovered, which extended the caves until to about twelve miles in extent. In 1823 a still newer discovery of about 4000 feet was accidentally made, which has added eight or ten miles thereto, and disclosed a plan of formation more extensive and more beautiful than any heretofore known.

This cave contains every kind of formation peculiar to the Mammoth and other caves, besides some very peculiar and unique formations found only in Wyandotte.

COTTON AND SATEEN.—A certain Rev. Mr. Pittman having died recently in England, it appears that his father, who was Bishop of Winchester, had bequeathed him no less than six different beds, foaming up an annual income of \$80,000, together with four houses for residences. His gross income during his term of service was over \$1,000,000. An appeal to him for help to establish industrial schools failed to bring a further, and from his father, the Bishop, brought *no shillings* with certain conditions attached. Such are the men that the state quarters on the church in England.

UNION.—The Cleveland Herald states that the story published by a Buchanan sheet in southern Ohio, stating that sixteen slaves were voluntarily returning to slavery, is wholly void of truth.



### People's Drug Store!

West Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis.

G. R. CURTIS,  
General Dealer in  
Foreign and American Drugs,  
Medicines, Chemicals, Paints,  
Oils, and Dye Stuffs.

We have just come out from the eastern markets, with a large quantity of foreign and American Drugs, which have been imported with care, and will be sold at low figures. Goods are tested for reference to quality, and we are enabled to guarantee satisfaction. *Customer's request* to

PRINT FRENCH CHALIS  
in dress patterns, from \$1.50 to \$1.75 per yard. All our best  
PRINT FRENCH CHALIS  
in dress patterns, from \$1.50 to \$1.75 per yard. All our best

### WE ARE BOUND TO DO IT

HAVING purchased very lately 300 lbs. of Goods, the Merchant's Exchange, is now in full blast, and the largest and best made hardware for the market. We are still in hand, and are stock, which we have determined to close out within the next three days at any sacrifice.

To demonstrate the above fact, we quote prices as follows:

### SILKS! SILKS!

We will sell beautiful Printed Silks, latest Spring style, sold at 1 week to 6 weeks per yard, not only 100.  
*All our Spring Silks at an equal reduction.*

BARGE and CHALI DE LAINES!

Sold by us since April 1st, from 17 to 21 cents, we will now sell one SHILLING per yard. All our

PRINT FRENCH CHALIS

in dress patterns, from \$1.50 to \$1.75 per yard. All our best

DO LINEN.

consisting of Hamilton, Parville, English and French, we will sell at the salling and six pence per yard.

LAWNS, LAWNS, LAWNS.

Three Cases of best English Lawns,

WARRANTED FINE CLOTHES!

Worth in any store in the United States \$2500.

We will sell at the small sum of 65 cents.

PRINTS, PRINTS, PRINTS.

One Case of New Prints, consisting of

430 lbs. Fine Brands to make up!

Including the new American Print, sold by us at 15 cents, now only 10 cents per yard.

TEN CASES OF GOOD PRINTS,

flat colors, now offered at 5 cents per yard. All our

2 cent prints now only 1.50 cents per yard.

BONNETS, BONNETS, BONNETS.

One thousand Bonnets at 1.50 cents each.

A large lot of child's shakers at 12.50 cents each.

We are just in receipt of 100 boxes of that famous

G. R. CURTIS'S CLOTHES!

sold by us at 2 cents per yard, which we will

continue to sell for the same small amount.

100 DOZ. BLACK SILK LACE MITTS

At 12.50 cts. pr. pair!

We have also, a large lot of Ladies' and Children's lace, shakers, at 12.50 cents each.

SHAWLS, MANILLAS and VESTIES.

A large stock of

LINEN GOODS!

Blanket Table Cloths, Napkins, Dishes,

together with a full assortment of linens, all of

which is of equal value to others.

This is an equal number to those offered to the ladies of Janesville and vicinity, of purchasing goods at a great reduction from original price, and as we are able to give a great rush during the period of this sale, we recommend all who wish to avail themselves of this great opportunity to call on us, and we will be glad to show them our large number of customers, but whenever you come first, you have the best stock to select from.

WE WOULD BE GLAD TO SAY, THAT IF  
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# FASHIONS For Spring of 1859!



NOW READY, CONSISTING IN PART OF  
FUR, MCLESKIN, SILK, CASSI-  
MERE, FRENCH and AMER-  
ICAN FELT HATS.

O A P S.  
PAUL MORPHY, PICCOLOMINI and OTH-  
ER STYLES.  
Hats made to order and fitted to the head with the  
FRENCH CONFORMER.  
J. R. BEALE,  
West End River.  
March 1st, 1859.

GREAT SUCCESS!  
OF THE  
ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH,

C. H. MELLICK'S  
Improved Cement Roofing!!

The Subscriber wishes to inform the citizens of  
Janesville and vicinity, that he is engaged in putting  
up the largest and most extensive building of  
all Mason or Cement Roofs hitherto erected and  
it is warranted superior to anything of the kind ever  
before offered to the public. It makes a light, hand-  
some and durable roof, perfectly fireproof, and  
will not crack or split, and other material fails  
to crack or run. Old tin and shingle roofs cov-  
ered or repaired, and warranted light or no pay.  
References given to those in all the leading  
newspapers, and to the stores of Lawrence & Wood,  
Main street.

PAUL MORPHY, PICCOLOMINI and OTH-  
ER STYLES.  
Hats made to order and fitted to the head with the  
FRENCH CONFORMER.  
J. R. BEALE,  
West End River.  
March 1st, 1859.

THE above Oil and Lamp can be obtained at the  
Empire Drug Store.

The public are invited to pay special attention to  
the article.

TALMAN & COLLINS,  
Manufacturer's Agents.

RUSSELL'S  
Patent Mastic Roofing.

We are now prepared to put on the above Mastic  
Roofing in the cities of Janesville and Beloit, which  
is entirely different from any ever before intro-  
duced into this city or county. The fact of making the

Canvas perfectly water-proof

by saturation before being laid upon the roof, com-  
municates to the common sense of every person.

The roof when finished, is equal, in point of beauty,

to slate, and

More Durable than Tin,

and is the only Cement Roofing now in use

That will stand the Test of the Weather,

Both Warm and Cold,

without being affected in the least.

Old roofs of all kinds repaired, or covered and made  
perfectly water-tight.

Old roofs to be disposed of, just over P. Myers' Packing  
House, where material and samples may be examined  
at any time.

P. F. Town and county rights for sale by A. N.  
Wright, at the Empire Drug Store, Janesville, Wis.  
Aug. 19, 1859.

W. J. EARING  
DEALER IN  
COCK, PARLOR AND OFFICE  
STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!

PUMPS, LEAD PIPE, &c., &c.

Manufacturer of  
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON WARE, ROOFING  
EAVE THROUGHS, and CONDUCTORS.

Job Work, done to order. On Triangle opposite Hy-  
att House, Janesville, Wis.

Janesville, April 7, 1859.

TO FARMERS.

HAVING leased the  
Farmers' Mills, Janesville,

pay particular attention to

G R I S T I N G,

for the next twelve months.

JACKMAN & ALDEN.  
May 1.

CITY PROPERTY  
FOR BADGER STATE CERTIFICATES.

I WILL sell any of my city lots in Janesville for cer-  
tificates of deposit of the Badger State Bank,  
I. HYATT FM 1878.

100,000 Lbs. Wool Wanted

AT THE

JANESVILLE WOOLEN  
F A C T O R Y.

HAVING put their machinery in perfect order, the  
subscribers are now ready to manufacture wool  
Cassimoles, Satinets, Twists, Flannels,  
STOCKING YARN, &c.

on the most reasonable terms. We shall make our  
goods in the most substantial manner, and will war-  
rant them to be of fine quality. We shall make Black,  
Brown, Blue, Green and Mixed Cassimoles; Cadet  
Blue, Green, Yellow, Red, White, and Mixed; and  
Checked Sennets; also Mixed kinds of Stocking  
Yarn, such as White, Red, Mixed, Glazed, &c.

We manufacture on shares, by the yard, or buy  
your wool at the highest rates and sell you cloth at  
reasonable prices, at you may prefer.

Custom Carding!

We are putting our Custom Carding Machine into  
the best possible order, and are determined to let  
the best quality of cloth to the most reasonable  
farmers to have their fine wool well treated at home  
or at the factory. Never use soap in cleansing wool,  
as salt and soot is better. We shall keep a good  
supply of Mixed and White Rolls on hand for sale at  
fair prices.

Cloth Dressing!

We shall attend promptly to this branch, also sol-  
ving old Garments, Shirts, &c. Also carpets washed  
on short notice.

Those wishing to send wool to be carded, manufac-  
tured or exchanged for cloth by railroad will please  
write to us. We shall be pleased to receive your  
bills for their business done satisfactorily. We have al-  
so made arrangements with Messrs. Goggin & Co.,  
of Beloit, west side of river, to receive wool on hand for sale at  
those living or doing business at that place, which we  
will attend to according to directions.

W A N T E D !

In exchange for cloth and yarn—Wool, Soap  
Wood-Greas, old rolls and smalls of grain, for  
which the highest price will be allowed.

Please give us a call.

A. WHEELER & SONS.  
Janesville March 29, 1859.

Last Call.

All persons indebted to the subscribers are re-  
quested to call and settle with them as soon as  
possible. Our books and notes are at the store of A. W.  
WHEELER & SONS.  
Janesville, April 10, 1859.

BLANK LEASERS, FOR SALE.

For Sale at a Bargain!

A very desirable farm under good cul-  
tivation from the city limits.

Three acres.

TWELVE GOOD LOTS IN GOOD LOCATIONS.

Apply to G. W. WOODRUFF,  
at Bennett, Clegg & Fatten's office,  
Janesville, June 10, 1859.

JOHN STONE & CO.  
MORTGAGES FOR SALE

July 15th, 1859.

ROBERT T. LAWTON,  
Starke Rock County.

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